

Sustainable water service for communities, business and the environment

# Annual Report For Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022

# Lowcountry Regional Water System 513 Elm St West Hampton, SC 29924

# **Annual Report**

For Fiscal Year Ending September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2022



Sanders Branch

#### **Table of Contents**

INTRODUCTION	3
MISSION-VISION-OPERATING PHILOSOPHY	4
MEMBERSHIP	5
ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE	6
FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	7
INFRASTRUTURE HIGHLIGHTS	8
BUDGET & BUDGETARY PROCEDURES	9
OUTSTANDING INDEBTNESS	10
RATES, FEES & CHARGES	11-12
STATISTICAL INFORMATION	
TOTAL CUSTOMER COUNT BY TOWN	13
TOTAL CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION	14
TOWN OF BRUNSON CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION	15
TOWN OF GIFFORD CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION	16
TOWN OF HAMPTON CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION	17
TOWN OF VARNVILLE CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION	18
TOWN OF YEMASSEE CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION	19
HAMPTON COUNTY- INDUSTRIAL PARK CONSUMPTION	20
ANNUAL WATER PRODUCTION	21
ANNUAL WASTEWATER TREATED	22
DAILY WATER & WASTEWATER PRODUCTION & SALES AVG	23
INFRASTRUTURE	24
SYSTEM CAPACITIES	25
BILLINGS & COLLECTIONS	26
WATER & SEWER CHARGES COMPARED TO OTHER SYSTEMS	27
DEMOGRAPHICAL & ECONOMICAL STATISTICS	28
TOP TEN USERS	29
TOP TEN EMPLOYERS	30
APPENDIX A	
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	

#### **INTRODUCTION**

This annual report of the Lowcountry Regional Water System is submitted to the governing bodies of its members as provided by Section 6-25-140 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1976, as amended and by Article X Section 4 of the Bylaws of the Lowcountry Regional Water System.

This report is the eighth annual report prepared by Lowcountry Regional Water System since its creation in 2012 and represents the eighth full year of operations. All information and data contained herein is the best-known information at the time of compilation. The financial statements were audited by The Brittingham Group, L.L.P., Certified Public Accountants.

#### **FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The Audited Financial Statement for Fiscal Year 2021-2022 is included as part of this Annual Report and may be found as Appendix A.



#### MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Lowcountry Regional Water System is to provide the Lowcountry Region's water needs to improve quality of life, economic development, and improve the viability of providing safe, clean and reliable water services to the citizens of the region.

#### **Vision**

Create and sustain a viable and competitive regional water system for Hampton County created by enabling legislation known as the Joint Authority Water and Sewer Act.

#### **Operating Philosophy and Values**

- Excellence in Customer Service
- Professional Management
- Well Trained Staff
- Operational Excellence in System Operations
- Regulatory compliance with Local, State and Federal Regulations
- Implementation of Industry Best Practices
- Technical Expertise with a Commitment to Technical Training and Certification for Employees
- Forward Looking as Evidenced by Long Term Master Planning for Operations, Capital and Growth
- Financially Strong in Managing Revenue, Expenses, assets and Liabilities
- Independent Rate Setting By the Board of Commissioners that Each Charter Town Appoints
- Cost Based Rates for Water and Wastewater Utilities
- Alignment of Infrastructure Master Plans with Growth Plans of Hampton County Future Interconnections between Towns Where Beneficial

- Commitment to Capital Improvement Plans for System Operations with Externally Generated Funding to Ensure Long Term Viability
- Committed to the Community as a Corporate Citizen and a Key Player in Economic Development of the Region
- LRWS has a Leadership Role in the Economic Development of the County and Region. The Availability of Water and Sewer Service is a key Factor in the Site Selection Process for New and Expanding economic Development Projects.
- Committed to Safety in LRWS
   Operations and in Enhancing Public
   Safety for the Communities Through
   Improved Water quality and Fire
   Protection

#### **MEMBERSHIP**

The Lowcountry Regional Water System was officially chartered February 17, 2012, with the issuance of its Corporate Certificate by the State of South Carolina through the Office of Secretary of State. The governing bodies of the Town of Brunson, Town of Hampton, Town of Varnville, Town of Yemassee and the County of Hampton resolved to form a Joint System under the Joint Authority Water and Sewer Systems Act for the purpose of creating a regional water and sewer system for Hampton County and surrounding areas by consolidating the operations of certain water and sewer providers in the area, and by acquiring water and sewer systems and extending service to new customers, and otherwise exercising all other powers available to the Joint System under law. On October 31, 2012 the Corporate Certificate was amended to include the Town of Gifford as a member of the Lowcountry Regional Water System.

The Lowcountry Regional Water System Board of Commissioners shall consist of a representative of each participating member. The governing bodies of each participating member shall by resolution appoint one Commissioner to serve as its representative. Additionally, each governing body may designate an alternate to serve in the absence of the member's Commissioner.

Additionally, if the Member's municipal or county administrators or managers (Administrators) or their counterparts, are not appointed by the Member as a Commissioner or Alternate Commissioner representing the Member, the Member's Administrators, or their counterparts, shall serve as ex-officio Members of the Commission with seat and voice but not vote.

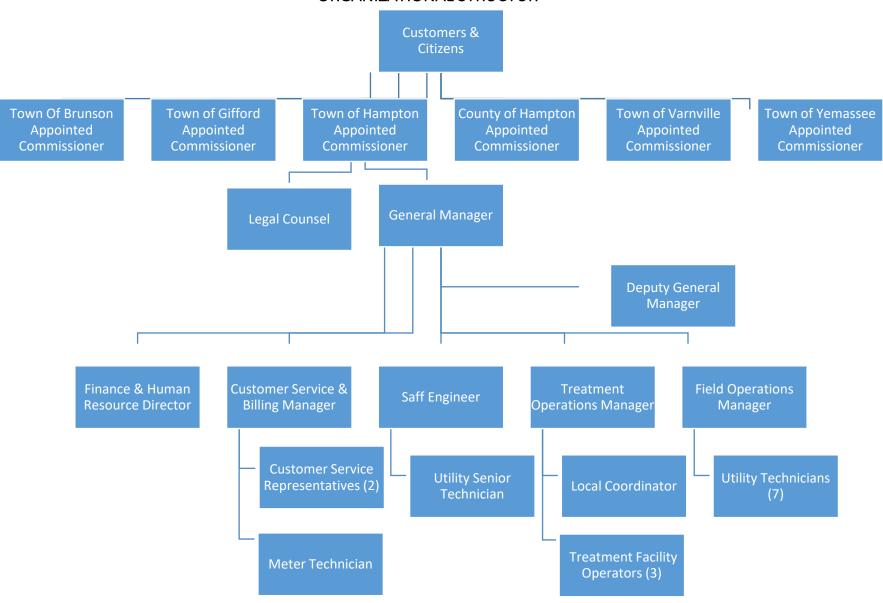
#### **Member Appointments**

Town of Brunson	Rocky Hudson
Town of Brunson	Terry Wright- Alternate
Town of Gifford	Horny Mitchell
Town of Hampton	Robert Brown
Town of Varnville	Nathaniel Shaffer
Town of Yemassee	Peggy O'Banner
Town of Yemassee	Wayne Ezell- Alternate
County of Hampton	Clay Bishop
County of Hampton	Darrin Williams- Alternate

#### Commissioners

Town of Brunson	Rocky Hudson- Chairman
Town of Hampton	Robert Brown- Vice Chairman
Town of Gifford	Horny Mitchell- Commissioner
Town of Varnville	Nathaniel Shaffer-Commissioner
Town of Yemassee	Peggy O'Banner- Commissioner
County of Hampton	Clay Bishop- Commissioner

#### ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTUR



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS

This section presents management's analysis of the Lowcountry Regional Water System's financial condition and activities for the year.

#### **Financial Highlights**

The financial information in this report represents the ninth full year of operation since the Lowcountry Regional Water System officially took over physical operations on June 01, 2013.

Management and Staff are committed to finding ways to create efficiencies and promote savings. Utilizing basic principles and concepts of LEAN, we constantly review our operations and services to eliminate waste and effectively deliver value by incorporating changes or modifications to procedures, operations, personnel and equipment.

- Operating Revenues were \$3,407,896
- Operating Expenses were (\$3,678,444)
- ➤ Operating Income loss was: (\$279,548)
- Non-Operating Revenues were: \$44,726
- ➤ Non-Operating Expenses were: (\$271,942)
- ➤ Net non-operating revenue was: (\$227,216)
- ➤ Net Position, Beginning of the Year: \$14,586,298
- ➤ Net Position, End of Year: \$14,170,534
- ➤ The System's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$23,336,680 (net of accumulated depreciation). Investments in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, and equipment as well as water and sewer systems. The total increase in capital assets for the current year was 4.83 percent.

#### **Infrastructure Highlights**

- Construction continued on a project to rehabilitate sewer infrastructure in the Town of Brunson. Division II, which consists of rehabilitation of over 10,000 LF of gravity sewer mains, was completed. Division I, which includes rehabilitation of three pump stations, is under construction.
- ➤ Design was completed on the Brunson sewer force main project including 30,800 LF of 8" force main between Brunson and Hampton. This project will convey wastewater from the Town of Brunson to the Hampton WWTP, allowing the Brunson WWTP to be closed upon completion.
- Construction began on a project to extend water service to areas outside the Town of Gifford including Murdaugh St, Walter's Place and Isiah Henry Loop. This project was funded by a Community Development Block Grant.

- Construction began on a project to rehabilitate the Gifford Lift Station. The project, which is funded by a grant from SC RIA, includes the rehabilitation of the entire pump station including all pumping equipment, piping, valves, controls, and electrical panels.
- A project to rehabilitate the Lowcountry Regional Industrial Park (LRIP) Lift Station was funded by the Clean Water State Revolving Fund. The project includes the rehabilitation of the entire pump station including all pumping equipment, piping, valves, controls, and electrical panels, and the addition of a generator.
- ➤ A project to rehabilitate the Jackson Avenue Elevated Tank was funded by the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund. The project includes the renovations and coating system upgrades as well as electrical system improvements.





Many projects are being implemented for the improvement of water and wastewater infrastructure. The following table provides information on these improvements.

Project Description	Estimated	Funding	Project Status
	Cost	Status	
Town of Brunson Wastewater Treatment & Sewer Rehab	\$7,541,600	Funded	Construction
Gifford Waterline Extension	\$460,900	Funded	Construction
Sewer Service Extension	\$1,095,420	Funded	Design/Permitting
Yemassee Water & Sewer Improvements	\$861,970	Funded	Design/Permitting
Gifford Lift Station Rehab	\$550,000	Funded	Construction
LRIP Lift Station Rehab	\$545,000	Funded	Design/Permitting
Jackson Ave Elevated Tank Rehab	\$500,000	Funded	Design/Permitting
Total Amount of All Projects	\$11,464,890		
Total Amount of Funded Projects	\$11,464,890		
Total Amount of Unfunded Projects	<u>N/A</u>		

#### **BUDGETARY PROCEDURES**

The Lowcountry Regional Water System Fiscal Year begins October 1st of each year and ends on September 30<sup>th</sup> of the subsequent calendar year.

The annual operations budget is developed under the guidance of the General Manager. In June of each calendar year, department heads are provided preliminary information for review and development of their departments projected operational and capital needs for the ensuing fiscal year. These requests will be reviewed, compiled, and developed into a preliminary budget document. This preliminary budget document will then be reviewed by the General Manager. Internal discussions with the Department Heads will be held to insure and clarify the needs of the departments and a final draft will be developed. Once a final draft is developed the General Manager will submit this draft with supporting information to the Commission of the Lowcountry Regional Water System. The Commission will review the draft budget and make a determination if a rate adjustment beyond any pre-approved adjustments may be required. If a rate adjustment may be required, the General Manager shall provide a proposed rate adjustment to the full Commission for review, approval, and adoption.

#### **BUDGET**

The following table represents the Commission adopted budgeted operating revenues and expenditures and the actual operating revenues and expenditures for Fiscal Year 2021-2022.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Budgeted</u>	<u>Actual</u>
Revenues		
Water Revenue	\$1,310,608	\$1,238,764
Wastewater Revenue	\$1,759,457	\$1,752,541
Operating Revenue	\$342,749	\$416,591
<u>Totals</u>	<u>\$3,412,814</u>	<u>\$3,407,896</u>
<u>Item</u>	<u>Budgeted</u>	<u>Actual</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>		
Water Treatment	\$177,659	\$399,689
Water Distribution	\$751,805	\$562,454
Wastewater Treatment	\$774,356	\$759,496
Wastewater Collection	\$586,655	\$680,856
Administrative	\$1,122,339	\$1,125,466
<u>Totals</u>	<u>\$3,412,814</u>	<u>\$3,527,961</u>

Operating Income (loss) at 9-30-2022 was (\$279,548). Actual expenditures do not include monthly transfers to Depreciation and Reserve accounts.

#### **OUTSTANDING INDEBTEDNESS**

The following table presents information on the debt obligations of the Lowcountry Regional Water System as of September 30, 2022.

Town/ LRWS	Lien Holder/ Issuer	Year/ Series	Original Notes/Bonds	Outstanding Notes/Bonds 9/30/22	Interest Rate	Final Maturity
LRWS	USDA	2021	\$2,095,000	\$1,951,196	1.5%	2058
LRWS	USDA	2018	\$6,480,000	\$6,184,783	2.75%	2059
	Original Notes & Bonds			Outstanding N	lotes & Bo	nds as of September 30, 22
Total	4	88,857,000	0.00	\$8,135,979	.00	

The System issued a Waterworks and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2021 during the year ended September 30, 2022. The note was issued to provide additional funds for various projects approved by USDA. Principal of \$1,547,406 and interest of 2% per annum are due on June 23, 2023.

# SCHEDULE OF WATER RATES As of October 01, 2022

Description	RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL
	WATER
Basic Facility Monthly Charge:	
<u>Residential Meter Size:</u> 3/4" x 5/8" <u>Commercial Meter Size:</u>	\$ 13.10
3/4" 1"	\$ 14.55 \$ 24.25
1-1/2" 2"	\$ 48.50 \$ 77.60
3" 4" 6"	\$ 155.20 \$ 242.50 \$ 485.00
8" 10"	\$ 776.00 \$ 2,037.00
Volumetric Charge	WATER
\$/Unit (1,000 Gallons):  Residential:	
Per Unit Commercial:	\$ 3.670
0 – 15,000 Gallons \$/Per Unit 15,001 – 60,000 Gallons \$/Per Unit	\$ 3.932 \$ 3.670
Over 60,000 Gallons \$/Per Unit	\$ 3.251
Description	FIRE SPRINKLER CONNECTION
	FIRE SPRINKLER
Basic Facility Monthly Charge: LRIP / SCIC	\$ 283.00

# SCHEDULE OF WASTEWATER RATES As of October 01, 2022

Description	RESIDENTIAL <sup>1</sup> COMMERCIAL
	WASTEWATER
<b>Basic Facility</b>	
<b>Monthly Charge:</b>	
Residential Meter Size:	
3/4" x 5/8"	\$ 19.40
Commercial Meter Size:	
3/4"	\$ 22.02
1" Service	\$ 36.70
1-1/2" Service	\$ 73.40
2" Service	\$ 117.44
3" Service	\$ 234.88
4" Service	\$ 367.00
6" Service	\$ 734.00
8" Service	\$ 1,174.40
10" Service	\$ 3,082.80
	WASTEWATER
Volumetric Charge	
<b>\$/Unit (1,000 Gallons):</b>	
<u>Residential:</u>	
Per Unit	\$ 6.600
Commercial:	
0 – 15,000 Gallons \$/Per Unit	\$ 7.130
15,001 – 60,000 Gallons \$/Per Unit	\$ 7.078
Over 60,000 Gallons \$/Per Unit	\$ 7.026

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The residential sewer volumetric charge is capped at 8,000 gallons. The maximum residential sewer charge based on 8,000 gallons is \$72.20.

#### TOTAL CUSTOMER COUNT BY TOWN

Town	Residential Water Customers	Commercial Water Customers	Total	% of Residential Water Customers	% of Commercial Water Customers	% of Water customers By System Total	
Brunson	221	18	239	8%	4%	8%	
Gifford	108	8	118	4%	2%	4%	
Hampton	1175	255	1432	43%	56%	44%	
H County	0	7	7	0	1%	0%	
Varnville	745	104	872	28%	23%	28%	
Yemassee	453	66	515	17%	14%	16%	
Total	2702	458	3160				

Source: Operational Report as of September 30, 2022. Includes accounts that were made inactive and/or direct or final billed.

# TOTAL CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION

Gallons	Residential	%	%	Commercial	%	%	Total	%	%
0-999	377	14%		194	44%		571	18%	
1,000-1,999	479	18%	64%	57	13%	69%	536	17%	65%
2,000-2,999	460	17%		29	7%		489	16%	
3,000-3,999	405	15%		20	5%		425	14%	
4,000-4,999	300	11%		13	3%		313	10%	
5,000-5,999	176	7%		9	2%		185	6%	
6,000-6,999	131	5%		11	2%		142	5%	
7,000-7,999	89	4%		7	1%		96	3%	
8,000 +	230	9%		103	23%		333	11%	
Total	2647			443			3090		

Source: QS1-History reports of **active** accounts September 1, 2022, through September 30, 2022. Vetrostone is billed at a flat rate monthly therefore, consumption is not known.

# TOWN OF BRUNSON CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION

Gallons	Residential	%	%	Commercial	%	%	Total	%	%
0-999	31	14%		6	38%		37	16%	
1,000-1,999	34	15%	63%	4	25%	63%	38	16%	63%
2,000-2,999	39	18%		0	0%		39	16%	
3,000-3,999	36	16%		0	0%		36	15%	
4,000-4,999	26	12%		2	12.5%		28	12%	
5,000-5,999	16	7%		1	6%		17	7%	
6,000-6,999	9	4%		0	0%		9	4%	
7,000-7,999	4	2%		1	6%		5	2%	
8,000 +	27	12%		2	12.5%		29	12%	
Total	222			16			238		



# TOWN OF GIFFORD CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION

Gallons	Residential	%	%	Commercial	%	%	Total	%	%
0-999	15	14%		6	75%		21	18%	
1,000-1,999	28	26%	75%	0	0%	87.5%	28	25%	77%
2,000-2,999	22	20%		1	12.5%	07.070	23	20%	
3,000-3,999	16	15%		0	0%		16	14%	
4,000-4,999	9	8%		0	0%		9	8%	
5,000-5,999	5	5%		0	0%		5	4%	
6,000-6,999	4	4%		0	0%		4	3%	
7,000-7,999	3	2%		1	12.5%		4	3%	
8,000 +	6	6%		0	0%		6	5%	
Total	108			8			116		



# TOWN OF HAMPTON CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION

Gallons	Residential	%	%	Commercial	%	%	Total	%	%
0-999	210	18%		130	51%		340	24%	
1,000-1,999	210	18%	65%	32	12%	72%	242	17%	66%
2,000-2,999	180	15%	00,0	12	5%	1270	192	13%	0070
3,000-3,999	165	14%		9	4%		174	12%	
4,000-4,999	146	12%		9	4%		155	11%	
5,000-5,999	76	6%		4	1%		80	6%	
6,000-6,999	70	6%		4	1%		74	5%	
7,000-7,999	47	4%		3	1%		50	3%	
8,000 +	84	7%		53	21%		137	9%	
Total	1188			256			1444		



# TOWN OF VARNVILLE CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION

Gallons	Residential	%	%	Commercial	%	%	Total	%	%
0-999	103	14%		52	49%		155	18%	
1,000-1,999	130	17%	64%	10	9%	73%	140	16%	65%
2,000-2,999	143	19%	_ 0470	9	8%	7370	152	18%	0370
3,000-3,999	109	14%		7	7%		116	14%	
4,000-4,999	79	11%		1	1%		80	9%	
5,000-5,999	53	7%		3	3%		56	7%	
6,000-6,999	32	4%		4	4%		36	4%	
7,000-7,999	22	3%		1	1%		23	3%	
8,000 +	81	11%		20	18%		101	12%	
Total	752			107			872		



Mill Pond Lift Station

# TOWN OF YEMASSEE CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION

Gallons	Residential	%	%	Commercial	%	%	Total	%	%
0-999	72	16%		26	41%		98	19%	
1,000-1,999	79	18%	70%	11	17%	73%	90	18%	70%
2,000-2,999	80	18%		6	10%		86	17%	
3,000-3,999	79	18%		3	5%		82	16%	
4,000-4,999	43	9%		0	0%		43	8%	
5,000-5,999	30	7%		0	0%		30	6%	
6,000-6,999	16	3%		3	5%		19	4%	
7,000-7,999	14	3%		0	0%		14	2%	
8,000 +	38	8%		14	22%		52	10%	
Total	451			63			514		

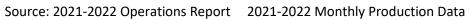


# HAMPTON COUNTY CUSTOMER COUNT BY CONSUMPTION

Gallons	Commercial	%	%
0-999	2	29%	
1,000-1,999	0	0%	29%
2,000-2,999	0	0%	
3,000-3,999	0	0%	
4,000-4,999	0	0%	
5,000-5,999	0	0%	
6,000-6,999	0	0%	
7,000-7,999	0	0%	
8,000 +	5	71%	
Total	7		

# ANNUAL WATER PRODUCTION

System	Gallons Produced	Gallons Residential Sales	Gallons Commercial Sales	Total Gallons from Sales	Gallons Flushed- Used by Operators	Gallons Inefficiency	% Inefficiency
Brunson	211,500	10,922,206	5,721,837	16,644,043	756,249	(16,432,543)	-7770%
Gifford	31,900,620	5,110,533	58,941	5,169,474		26,731,146	84%
Hampton	119,874,500	51,484,128	27,163,717	78,647,845		41,226,655	34%
Hampton County	13,184,730	0	13,140,544	13,140,544		44,186	0%
Varnville	66,826,210	37,521,857	15,173,806	52,695,663		14,130,547	21%
Yemassee	59,759,933	19,553,516	25,579,605	45,133,121		14,626,812	24%
Total	291,757,493	124,592,240	86,838,450	211,430,690	756,249	80,326,803	28%





# ANNUAL WASTEWATER TREATED

System	Gallons Received	Gallons Residential Sales	Gallons Commercial Sales	Gallons MISC	Total Gallons Res/Com/Misc	Gallons Treated Inefficiency	% Inefficiency
Brunson	37,552,300	9,795,738	5,690,586	0	15,486,324	22,065,976	59%
Gifford	4,743,429	4,812,514	58,941	0	4,871,455	(128,026)	-3%
Hampton	179,445,500	49,036,242	22,371,825	0	71,408,067	108,037,433	60%
Hampton Cnty	0	0	10,699,588	0	10,699,588	(10,699,588)	-
Varnville	82,925,500	30,602,561	14,436,775	0	45,039,336	37,886,164	46%
Yemassee	65,758,000	14,051,626	20,384,359	0	34,435,985	31,322,015	48%
Total	370,424,729	108,298,681	73,642,074	0	181,940,755	188,483,974	51%

Source: 2021-2022 Operations Report & 2021-2022 Monthly Production Data

Yemassee Wastewater Treatment Plant (Below)



# DAILY WATER & WASTEWATER PRODUCTION & SALES AVERAGES

System	Gallons Water Produced	Gallons Water Sold Residential	Gallons Water Sold Commercial	Gallons Wastewater Treated	Gallons Wastewater Received Residential	Gallons Wastewater Received Commercial
Brunson	579	29,924	15,676	102,883	26,838	15,591
Gifford	87,399	14,001	161	12,996	13,185	161
Hampton	328,423	141,052	74,422	491,632	134,346	61,293
Hampton Cnty	36,123	-	36,001	10,699,588	-	10,699,588
Varnville	183,086	102,800	41,626	227,193	83,843	39,553
Yemassee	163,726	53,571	70,082	55,848	38,498	55,848
Total	799,336	341,348	237,967	1,014,863	296,709	201,759

Source: 2021-2022 Operations Report & 2021-2022 Monthly Production

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE**

Infrastructure Description	Quantity
Elevated Water Storage Tanks	9
Hydro-pneumatic Water Storage Tanks	1
Potable Water Production Wells	13
Process Water Production Wells	1
Wastewater Treatment Facilities	3
Wastewater Lift Stations	22
Water Distribution Mains (Miles)	100
Wastewater Collection Mains (Miles)	96
Ground Storage Tanks	1
Fire Pump	1
Fire Hydrants	447



# **SYSTEM CAPACITIES**

# WATER PRODUCTION CAPACITY

System	Production Capacity (Gallons Per Day)
Town of Brunson	122,000
Town of Gifford	432,000
Town of Hampton	919,000
Hampton County (Lowcountry Regional Industrial Park) (Southern Carolina Industrial Campus)	288,000
Town of Varnville	458,000
Town of Yemassee	203,000
Total Production Capacity of All Systems	2,422,000

#### **WASTEWATER TREATMENT CAPACITY**

System	Production Capacity (Gallons Per Day)
Town of Brunson	110,000
Town of Hampton	2,000,000
Town of Yemassee	500,000
Total Production Capacity of All Systems	2,610,000

# **BILLINGS and COLLECTIONS**

Water Billings and Collections Summary for Past 5 Years

Fiscal Year Ending	Billings	Collections	Collection Rate
2022	\$3,388,499.10	\$3,409,207.53	100.6%
2021	3,136,542.38	\$3,075,802.34	98 %
2020	\$3,086,459.09	\$3,056,294.40	99%
2019	\$3,027,021.85	\$3,013,303.38	99%
2018	\$2,754,464.74	\$2,753,013.59	99.94%

Source: LRWS QS1 Billing & Accounting Software Report 2021-2022



# WATER & SEWER CHARGES COMPARED WITH OTHER SYSTEMS

Residential Water & Sewer Charges Based on 5,000 Gallons per Month Usage

Utility System	Water Charges	Sewer Charges	Total
Lowcountry Regional Water System	\$31.45	\$52.40	\$83.85
Town of Allendale	\$24.46	\$30.70	\$55.16
City of Barnwell	\$19.75	\$26.50	\$46.25
Town of Ridgeland	\$23.48	\$40.30	\$63.78
Town of Estill	\$22.10	\$30.15	\$52.25
Town of Ehrhardt	\$30.88	\$31.21	\$62.09
City of Bamberg	\$34.55	\$49.32	\$83.87
City of Charleston	\$23.50	\$75.26	\$98.76
City of Columbia	\$19.80	\$38.14	\$57.94
Beaufort Jasper W&S Authority	\$27.85	\$48.75	\$76.60
Dorchester County Water & Sewer Dept	\$42.74	\$56.20	\$98.94
Lexington County Joint Municipal W&S	\$46.84	\$48.72	\$95.56

Source: SC Rural Infrastructure Authority Office of Local Government 2022 Municipal Water and Sewer Rate Survey

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC and ECONOMIC STATISTICS**

Hampton County Demographic and Economic Statistics Summary for Past 5 Years

Fiscal Year Ending	Population	Total Personal Income (\$000's)	Per Capita Personal Income Last 12 Months	Household Median Income	Unemployment Rate Annual Average	Percent At or Below Poverty Level
2022	18,113	Unavailable	Unavailable	Unavailable	2.9%	23.5%
2021	18,180	\$757,906	\$41,689	\$41,281	3.5%	23.5%
2020	18,561	\$748,556	\$38,107	\$43,614	4.8%	_ 19.6%
2019	19,222	\$659,743	\$33,314	\$37,560	2.6%	23.2%
2018	19,351	\$628,382	\$31,778	\$35,871	3.4%	25.8%

Source: US Census Bureau; US Bureau of Economic Analysis; US Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics; SC Department of Employment & Workforce, & SC Revenue & Fiscal Affairs Office 2022: Population information 2022 based on surveys and/or estimates. Some information for 2022 is unavailable as of June 2022.

# **TOP TEN WATER USERS 2022 Compared to 2021**

# Water Consumption for 12 Consecutive Months

Customer	Water Used	Customer	Water Used	
	Annually 2021		Annually 2022	
Carolina Textile Care, LLC	9,209,790	Carolina Textile Care, LLC	12,294,470	
Alpha Genesis, Inc.	7,873,180	Alpha Genesis, Inc.	6,286,829	
Hampton Regional Medical	5,718,000	Brunson Laundry	4,993,994	
Southeastern Housing	3,059,263	Southeastern Housing	4,411,660	
Varnville Area Housing #1	2,850,452	Love's Travel Stop	2,992,756	
Love's Travel Stop	2,817,174	Varnville Area Housing #1	2,752,304	
Varnville Area Housing #2	2,687,890	Hampton Regional Medical	2,373,730	
Brunson Laundry	1,971,158	Palma 72 LLC-McDonalds	1,631,510	
HC Courthouse Irrigation	1,781,699	Anderson Oil Co.	1,442,817	
Anderson Oil Co.	1,278,013	Varnville Area Housing #2	1,393,100	

Source: LRWS QS1 Billing Software

#### **TOP TEN EMPLOYERS**

Top Ten Employers Served by LRWS during 2021-2022

Customer	#Employees 2021	% Total County Employment 2021	Customer	#Employees 2022	% Total County Employment 2022
Hampton County School District #1	418	5.40%	Hampton County School District #1	418	5.40%
Hampton Regional Medical	309	3.96%	County of Hampton	235	3.96%
County of Hampton	247	3.19%	Hampton Regional Medical	205	3.19%
LeCreuset of America	205	2.65%	LeCreuset of America	205	2.65%
Alpha Genesis(1)	146	1.89%	Alpha Genesis(1)	146	1.89%
Nupi Americas	97	1.25%	R&L Carriers	110	1.25%
R&L Carriers	90	1.16%	Loves Travel Stop	100	1.16%
Loves Travel Stop	76	0.98%	Nupi Americas	80	0.98%
Brunson Laundry	34	0.44%	Brunson Laundry	38	0.44%
Spencer Industries	28	0.36%	Spencer Industries	28	0.36%

Source: Hampton County Economic & Development Office & SC Department of Employment & Workforce. Alpha Genesis is in Beaufort County in the Town of Yemassee and Served by LRWS

# Appendix A AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



#### LOWCOUNTRY REGIONAL WATER SYSTEM

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

WITH

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### LOWCOUNTRY REGIONAL WATER SYSTEM

#### AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### WITH

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### **CONTENTS**

Independent Auditors' Report	l
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows	
Notes to Financial Statements	13
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the South Carolina	
Retirement Systems Net Pension Liabilities	25
Schedule of the South Carolina Retirement Systems Contributions	
Other Financial Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position –	
Water Service, Sewer Service and Unallocated	27
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
And other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
With Governmental Auditing Standards	28

# THE BRITTINGHAM GROUP, L.L.P.

#### **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

501 STATE STREET POST OFFICE BOX 5949 WEST COLUMBIA, SC 29171

> PHONE: (803) 739-3090 FAX: (803) 791-0834

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners Lowcountry Regional Water System 513 Elm Street West Hampton, South Carolina 29924

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Lowcountry Regional Water System (the "System"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the System, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the System, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the System's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the System's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 - 8, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the South Carolina Retirement Systems Net Pension Liabilities on page 25, and the Schedule of the South Carolina Retirement Systems Contributions on page 26 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental

Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Water Service, Sewer Service and Unallocated on page 27 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the United States Department of Agriculture's Rural Development Administration and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Water Service, Sewer Service and Unallocated is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

The Brittingham Group LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 3, 2023 on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Columbia, South Carolina

February 3, 2023

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

## Overview of the Financial Statement and Financial Analysis

This management's discussion and analysis of the Lowcountry Regional Water System's (the "System") financial statements provide an overview of its financial activities for the year. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards, the System produces three primary financial statements: (1) The Statement of Net Position, (2) The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and (3) The Statement of Cash Flows.

## Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, liabilities and equity of the System as of the end of the fiscal year. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning assets as well as liabilities (current and non-current). Our current assets are those, which are reasonably expected to be, realized in one year. Current liabilities are obligations whose liquidation is expected to require the use of current assets.

## Condensed Statements of Net Position

<b>5</b>	September 30,					
	2022 202		2021	Variance		
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,170,501	\$	1,765,893	\$	404,608
Receivables		255,283		354,598		(99,315)
Inventory		52,602		52,602		-
Capital assets, net		23,336,680		22,261,001		1,075,679
Deferred outflows of resources		320,161		345,577		(25,416)
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	26,135,227	\$	24,779,671	\$	1,355,556
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Current liabilities	\$	2,203,354	\$	443,006	\$	1,760,348
Long-term debt		7,999,082		7,988,508		10,574
Pension liability		1,512,828		1,711,546		(198,718)
Deferred inflows of resources		249,429		50,313		199,116
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		11,964,693		10,193,373		1,771,320
Net Position:						
Invested in capital assets		15,200,701		14,069,222		1,131,479
Restricted for debt service		1,613,081		1,412,884		200,197
Unrestricted		(2,643,248)		(895,808)		(1,747,440)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	14,170,534	\$	14,586,298	\$	(415,764)

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues earned by the System, operating and non-operating, and the expenses incurred by the System. Non-operating revenues are those for which goods or services are not provided.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Accrual accounting attempts to record the financial effects of transactions of an entity in the period in which those transactions occur, rather than in the period in which cash is received. Revenues are recognized when goods or services are provided. Expenses are recognized when resources are utilized in order to produce goods or services.

## Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended September 30,				
	2022		2021	Variance	
Operating revenues	\$	3,407,896	\$ 3,156,278	\$	251,618
Operating expenses		(3,687,444)	(3,294,966)		(392,478)
Operating income (loss)		(279,548)	(138,688)		(140,860)
Non-operating revenues		44,726	896,530		(851,804)
Non-operating expenses		(271,942)	(187,313)		(84,629)
Net non-operating revenue		(227,216)	709,217		(936,433)
Capital contributions		91,000			91,000
Change in net position		(415,764)	570,529	\$	(986,293)
Net position - beginning of year		14,586,298	14,015,769		
Net position - end of year	\$	14,170,534	\$ 14,586,298		

## Statement of Cash Flows

The final statement presented by the System is the Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Cash Flows presents detailed information about the cash activity during the year. The statement is divided into four parts. The first part deals with operating cash flows and reports the net cash flows from the operating activities of the Fund. The second section reports the cash activity related to financing for capitalized items. The third section reflects cash flows from investing activities and shows the interest received from investing activities. The fourth section reconciles the net cash provided or used by operating activities to the operating income displayed on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

## Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

	Year Ended September 30,					
	2022		2021		Variance	
Cash provided (used) by:						
Operating activities	\$	893,711	\$	617,882	\$	275,829
Capital and related financing activities		(490,456)		(857,778)		367,322
Investing activities		1,353		1,286		67
Net change in cash		404,608		(238,610)		643,218
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		1,765,893		2,004,503		(238,610)
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	2,170,501	\$	1,765,893	\$	404,608

## Capital Assets

The System's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$23,336,680 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, construction in process, buildings and equipment as well as water and sewer systems. The total increase in capital assets for the current year was approximately 4.83 percent.

	Year Ended September 30,						
	2022	2021	Variance				
Land	\$ 247,180	246,180	\$ 1,000				
Construction in Process	10,185,304	8,375,213	1,810,091				
Buildings	178,378	178,378	-				
Equipment	449,471	449,471	-				
Vehicles	628,435	628,435	-				
Water systems	12,093,228	12,093,228	-				
Sewer systems	16,373,060	16,373,060	-				
Less: accumulated depreciation	(16,818,376)	(16,082,964)	(735,412)				
	\$ 23,336,680	\$ 22,261,001	\$ 1,075,679				

Major Capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The following projects are currently in various stages of development/construction at yearend:
  - $\circ$  Improvement Projects Divisions 1 3
  - o Brunson Wastewater Treatment Plant and Sewer Rehab
  - o Town of Gifford Water System
  - o Gifford Pump Station Rehab
  - o Holly Street Tank Rehab Project
  - o Alpha Genesis Sewer Services Project

Additional information on the System's capital assets can be found in *Note 3* of this report.

## **Debt Administration**

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the System had total current and long-term debt outstanding of \$9,683,385. The entire amount is payable to two revenue bonds and one bond anticipation note, all of which are backed by the net revenues of the water and sewer system.

## **Current and Long-Term Debt**

	Year Ended September 30,						
	2022 2021		Variance				
Revenue bonds payable Bond anticipation note payable	\$ 8,135,979 1,547,406	\$ 8,191,779 -	\$ (55,800) 1,547,406				
	\$ 9,683,385	\$ 8,191,779	\$ 1,491,606				

The System's total long-term debt increased by \$1,491,606, or 18.21 percent, during the current fiscal year. This increase was caused by refinanced debt and new bond anticipation note issued during the fiscal year.

Additional information on the System's long-term debt can be found in *Note 5* of this report.

## **Business Overview**

The powers of the System as provided by law shall be exercised by a Commission consisting of one (1) Commissioner (each a "Commissioner") from each of the Members of the System. Each Member shall appoint an elected member of such Member's governing body to serve as its Commissioner, with each such Commissioner's service on the Commission to be ex officio of their role as an elected official of such Member's governing body. Each Commissioner shall be appointed by resolution of the governing body of the Member which the Commissioner represents. In addition, each Member may, by resolution, designate an alternate representative(s) ("Alternate Commissioner") who shall perform the duties of the Member's Commissioner in the absence of the Member's Commissioner, who shall also be an elected official of such Member's governing body, serving ex officio. Each Commissioner and Alternate Commissioner shall be recognized as such upon delivery to the Commission of a certified copy of a resolution of the Member's governing body appointing such Commissioner or Alternate Commissioner. Each such Commissioner and Alternate Commissioner shall so serve until the Commission has received a certified copy of a resolution of the Member's governing body removing such Commissioner or Alternate Commissioner or appointing a successor. Any manager or administrator of a Member shall be an ex officio non-voting Members of the Commission with seat and voice but not vote.

The General Manager is charged with the day-to-day operations of the System. Monthly reports are provided to the Board of Commissioners providing updates concerning financial information, news, environmental regulatory changes and spotlights on potential economic growth.

The system has a full staff of 23 full-time employees and 1 part-time employee. Included are 7 administrative staff positions including the General Manager, Engineer, Finance and Human Resource Director, Customer Service and Billing Manager, Meter Technician and 2 Customer Service Representatives. The water distribution and wastewater collection department is staffed with 11 positions including a Field Operations Manager, 1 Senior Utility Technician, 6 Utility Technicians, 1 part-time Utility Technician and 2 Field Inspectors. The water and wastewater treatment department is

staffed with 6 positions including a Treatment Operations Manager, 2 Treatment Facility Senior Technicians and 3 Treatment Facility Operators. Currently, one of the greatest challenges facing LRWS is having a full staff as only 16 of the 23 positions are currently staffed.

At the close of the fiscal year, the System had 446 commercial water customers, 2,704 residential water customers, 384 commercial sewer customers and 2,415 residential sewer customers. No single customer or group of customers represents a significant concentration.

The System hired American Engineering Consultants to perform a water and sewer rate study. This study was completed, and a final report dated September 2021 was provided to the Commission. Rate adjustments based on the report recommendations were adopted in November 2021.

The System was issued a consent order by the South Carolina Department of Environmental Control (SCDHEC) for permit violations related to the Town of Brunson Wastewater Treatment Facility. The Town of Hampton Wastewater Treatment Facility and the Town of Yemassee Wastewater Treatment Facility. The System is in the process of addressing the Town of Brunson orders with a plan to close the Town of Brunson Wastewater Treatment facility in lieu of expensive upgrades by constructing a line to the Town of Hampton Wastewater Treatment Facility and transport Town of Brunson's wastewater to the Hampton facility for treatment. The System is in the process of addressing the order for the Town of Hampton Wastewater Treatment Facility by improving the treatment process with electrical upgrades to the biological sand filter control system. A consultant is in the process of design as funding for the improvements are in place from USDA/RD. The System is in the process of addressing the order for the Town of Yemassee Wastewater Treatment Facility. A consultant has been hired to review the facility design and perform an influent wastewater quality analysis to determine aeration requirements and a basis for implementing a pretreatment program.

## Economic Outlook

The principal challenge facing the System is to retain current customers and at the same time, gain new water and sewer customers as to spread the fixed cost of operating the water and sewer system. The other significant challenge the System faces is to manage the environmental infractions that arise from time to time over the normal course of business when providing environmentally sensitive services to the public. The System's goal is to provide excellent water and sewer service with effective environmental controls, while ensuring that the System is in a sound financial position to pay all its liabilities.

The System is not aware of any facts, decisions, or conditions that can reasonably be expected to have a material impact on the System's economic outlook during the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2022.

## Contacting the System's Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers and creditors with a general overview of the System's finances and to demonstrate the System's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Lowcountry Regional Water System, 513 Elm Street West, Hampton, SC 29924. The System's telephone number is (803) 943-1006.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources: Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	557,420
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	1,613,081
Accounts receivable, net		255,283
Inventory		52,602
Total current assets		2,478,386
		2, 17 0,0 0 0
Non-current assets:		10 422 404
Capital assets, not being depreciated		10,432,484
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		12,904,196
Total non-current assets		23,336,680
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan		320,161
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		26,135,227
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources: Current liabilities:		
		339,050
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		36,014
Accrued compensated absences		50,455
Accrued interest payable		2,490
Due to other governments		91,042
Notes payable - current portion		1,547,406
Revenue bonds payable - current portion		136,897
Total current liabilities		2,203,354
Other liabilities:		7,000,092
Revenue bonds payable - non-current portion Pension liability		7,999,082
Total long-term liabilities		1,512,828 9,511,910
-		
Deferred inflows of resources - pension plan		249,429
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		11,964,693
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets		15,200,701
Restricted for debt service		1,613,081
Unrestricted - unfunded pension liability		(1,442,096)
Unrestricted - other		(1,201,152)
Total net position	\$	14,170,534

See accompanying notes.

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

## YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Operating Revenues:	
Water service	\$ 1,238,764
Sewer service	1,752,541
Penalties, reconnection fees and miscellaneous	416,591
Total operating revenues	3,407,896
Operating Expenses:	
Personnel services	1,247,374
Contract sewer treatment	12,000
Repairs and maintenance	290,537
Utilities	322,802
Supplies, materials and chemicals	167,296
Professional, engineering, lab and legal fees	540,683
Insurance	50,376
Vehicle and fuel expenses	51,293
Postage, printing and advertising	26,573
Building and equipment rental	23,564
Dues, licenses and permits	91,808
Bad debts	29,253
Bank charges	63,426
Depreciation	735,412
Miscellaneous	35,047
Total operating expenses	3,687,444
Operating loss	(279,548)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Grant income	43,373
Interest income	1,353
Interest expense	(271,942)
Net non-operating revenue (expense)	(227,216)
Income before capital contributions	(506,764)
Capital Contributions:	91,000
Change in net position	(415,764)
Net position, beginning of year	14,586,298
Net position, end of year	\$ 14,170,534

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,507,210
Cash payments for personnel services	(1,211,244)
Cash payments for operating and contractual services	(12,000)
Cash payments for suppliers	(1,390,255)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	893,711
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Grant income	43,373
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,811,091)
Proceeds from the issuance of capital debt	3,642,406
Principal paid on capital debt	(2,150,800)
Interest paid on capital debt	(305,344)
Proceeds from capital contributions	91,000
Net cash flows used in capital and related financing activities	(490,456)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Interest income	1,353
Net cash flows provided by investing activities	1,353
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	404,608
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,765,893
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,170,501
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 557,420
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,613,081
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,170,501

(CONTINUED)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## -CONTINUED-

## Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities:

Operating loss	\$ (279,548)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
flows provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	735,412
Change in assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	(46,895)
Grants receivable	146,210
Deferred outflows	25,416
Deferred inflows	199,116
Accounts payable	271,615
Accrued liabilities	7,485
Due to other governments	23,304
Accrued compensated absences	10,314
Pension liability	 (198,718)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$ 893,711

See accompanying notes.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Organization**

The Lowcountry Regional Water System (the "System") was created in February of 2012, with the purpose of establishing regional water and sewer service to the residents and businesses of Hampton County. On June 1, 2013, the Towns of Brunson, Gifford, Hampton, Varnville and Yemassee, as well as Hampton County deeded the assets of their water and sewer systems to the System. The System is operating under the 1970 Acts and Joint Resolutions of the State of South Carolina.

The System operates as a proprietary fund under the control of the Lowcountry Regional Water System Board of Commissioners (the "Board"). The Board regulates the rates that the System can charge its customers for water and sewer usage. The rates charged to customers are based on the cash required for the System's operations, debt service, rate funded capital assets and reserve contributions.

The financial reporting entity is defined as the primary government and its component units, as required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The primary government, which is the nucleus of the reporting entity, has a separately appointed governing body. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the oversight body of the component unit is fiscally accountable to the primary government. An organization other than a primary government may serve as the nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. As such an organization, the System is defined herein as a primary entity and has no component units.

## **Basis of Presentation**

To comply with the external financial reporting requirements of the Board, the accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows of the System, in conformity with GAAP as applied to regulated utilities (i.e., the full accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus). Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. To accommodate the rate-making process, the System follows the accounting standards set forth in GASB 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in AICPA Pronouncements.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The System's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

-CONTINUED-

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Capital Assets

Capital assets used in proprietary type funds are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the relative capital assets.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in the proprietary fund as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed.

It is the policy of the System to capitalize items costing \$1,000 or greater with a useful life of greater than one year.

Depreciation of buildings, equipment and vehicles is computed using the straight-line method. A summary of the estimated useful lives is as follows:

Class of Asset	Life
Vehicles	4 to 7 years
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 20 years
Water and Sewer Systems	5 to 50 years
Buildings and Improvements	10 to 40 years
Water and Sewer Lines	50 years

## <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred *Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Revenue Billings

Water and sewer fees are billed to users of the System on a monthly cycle basis. Revenues are accrued for periods between the termination of billings for the various cycles and the end of the year. Some adjustments are made at fiscal year-end that may change the actual amount of billings.

## Receivables and Payables

Trade accounts receivable is shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts payable are recognized when a good or service is received.

## **Compensated Absences**

System employees earn annual leave, based upon years of service at a rate of up to 20 days per year. Maximum accumulations at any fiscal year-end cannot exceed 320 hours. Further, under no circumstances will employees be paid in excess of their maximum authorized accumulation in the case of separation/termination. Vested or accumulated annual leave of System employees is recorded as an expense and a liability as those benefits accrue. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits.

## **Business-Type Activity Accounting**

Business-type activity funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the System are charges to customers for sales and services. The System also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the System. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## Risk Management

The System pays insurance premiums to the South Carolina Municipal Insurance Reserve Fund to cover risks that may occur in normal operations. Once premiums are paid, the fund assumes all risk up to the coverage limits. The fund does not assume responsibility for the two risks listed below:

- 1) Unemployment compensation benefits are paid to eligible employees by the South Carolina Department of Employment and Workforce and are reimbursed by the System.
- 2) Employee health, dental, group life insurance programs, and other health and dependent care programs.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Risk Management (Continued)

In addition, the System pays premiums to insurance companies to cover the following:

- 1) Real property buildings and structures with extended peril limits.
- 2) Real property contents with extended peril limits.
- 3) Motor vehicles collision/comprehensive and liability coverage.
- 4) Inland Marine on certain listed equipment and items.
- 5) General tort liability.

The System also pays premiums to independent insurance agencies for those constitutional officers requiring certain surety bonds and carries a bond on all other employees.

## Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 2. Deposits

Custodial credit risk-deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the System's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the policy of the System to obtain adequate collateralization on all deposits that exceed FDIC insurance coverage. As of September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the System's deposits totaled \$2,170,501 and the bank balance was \$2,279,560, all of which was either insured by the FDIC or collateralized by a financial institution.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 3. Capital Assets

Activity in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	October 1,			September 30,
	2021	Increases	Decreases	2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 246,180	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ 247,180
Construction in process	8,375,213	1,810,091		10,185,304
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	8,621,393	1,811,091		10,432,484
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	178,378	-	-	178,378
Equipment	449,471	-	-	449,471
Vehicles	628,435	-	-	628,435
Water systems	12,093,228	-	-	12,093,228
Sewer systems	16,373,060			16,373,060
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	29,722,572			29,722,572
Less: accumulated depreciation	(16,082,964)	(735,412)		(16,818,376)
Total capital assets	\$ 22,261,001	\$ 1,075,679	\$ -	\$ 23,336,680

## 4. Due to Other Governments

The system bills and collects various fees on behalf of the Towns in its service area. The following are the amounts owed to those Towns at September 30, 2022:

	Brunson	Gifford	Hampton	Varnville	Yemassee	Total
Services billed for:	-	·				
Police	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,488	\$ -	\$ 7,454	\$ -	\$ 10,042
Garbage collection	3,819	2,116	35,325	16,521	10,035	67,816
Animal Control	221	-	-	-	-	221
Solid waste			1,347	387_		1,734
Total due to towns	\$ 5,140	\$ 3,604	\$ 36,672	\$ 24,362	\$ 10,035	\$ 79,813

Additionally, franchise fees in the amount of \$11,229 were due to Towns in its service area.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 5. Long-Term Debt

## Revenue Bonds Payable

Revenue Bonds Payable at September 30, 2022 consists of the following:

The System issued a Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bond, Series 2021 for 2,095,000 during the year ended September 30, 2022. The note was issued to provide funds to pay off the 2016A Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond from Carter Bank and Trust. Principal due in monthly payments through 2058 with an interest rate of 1.5%. The balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$1,951,196.

USDA Bond Financing with an original amount of \$6,480,000 due in monthly payments through 2059 with an interest rate of 2.75%. The balance as of September 30, 2022 \$6,184,783.

Total annual debt service requirements for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ended							
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2023	\$ 136,897	\$ 200,507	\$ 337,404				
2024	140,311	197,093	337,404				
2025	143,816	193,588	337,404				
2026	147,415	189,989	337,404				
2027	151,109	186,295	337,404				
2028 - 2032	814,503	872,517	1,687,020				
2033 - 2037	922,863	764,157	1,687,020				
2038 - 2042	1,046,599	640,421	1,687,020				
2043 - 2047	1,187,980	499,040	1,687,020				
2048 - 2052	1,349,617	337,403	1,687,020				
2053 - 2057	1,534,515	152,505	1,687,020				
2058 - 2059	560,354	9,026	569,380				
	\$8,135,979	\$4,242,541	\$12,378,520				

## **Bond Anticipation Note**

The System issued a Waterworks and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2021 during the year ended September 30, 2022. The note was issued to provide additional funds for various projects approved by the USDA. Principal of \$1,547,406 and interest of 2% per annum are due on June 23, 2023.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 5. Long-Term Debt

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	October 1,			September 30,	Due Within
	2021	Additions	Reductions	2022	One Year
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 8,191,779	\$ 2,095,000	\$ (2,150,800)	\$ 8,135,979	\$ 136,897
Bond anticipation note	-	1,547,406	-	1,547,406	1,547,406
Compensated absences	40,141	50,455	(40,141)	50,455	50,455
	\$ 8,231,920	\$ 3,692,861	\$ (2,190,941)	\$ 9,733,840	\$ 1,734,758

## 6. Pension Plan

The majority of employees of the System are covered by a retirement plan through the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Retirement Division of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), a public employee retirement system. Generally, all full-time or part-time equivalent State employees in a permanent position are required to participate in and contribute to the SCRS as a condition of employment unless exempted by law as provided in Section 9-1-480 of the South Carolina Code of Laws, as amended, or are eligible and elect to participate in the State Optional Retirement Program (ORP). The SCRS plan provides a life-time monthly retirement annuity benefits to members as well as disability, survivor options, annual benefit adjustments, death benefits, and incidental benefits to eligible employees and retired members.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is publicly available through PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Under the SCRS, Class II members are eligible for a full-service retirement annuity upon reaching age 65 or completion of 28 years of credited service regardless of age. Employees who first became members of the System after June 30, 2012 are considered Class III members and are eligible for a full service retirement annuity upon reaching age 65 or upon meeting the rule of 90 requirement (i.e., the members age plus the years of service add up to a total of at least 90). The benefit formula for full benefits effective since July 1, 1989 for the SCRS is 1.82 percent of an employee's average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For Class II members, AFC is the average annual earnable compensation during 12 consecutive quarters and includes an amount for up to 45 days termination pay at retirement for unused annual leave.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 6. Pension Plan (continued)

For Class III members, AFC is the average annual earnable compensation during 20 consecutive quarters and termination pay for unused annual leave at retirement is not included. Early retirement options with reduced benefits are available as early as age 55 for Class II members and age 60 for Class III members. Class II members are vested for a deferred annuity after five years of earned service. Class III members are vested for a deferred annuity after eight years of earned service. Members qualify for a survivor's benefit upon completion of 15 years of credited service (five years effective January 1, 2002).

Disability annuity benefits are payable to Class II members if they have permanent incapacity to perform regular duties of the member's job and they have at least 5 years of earned service (this requirement does not apply if the disability is a result of a job-related injury). Class III members qualify for disability annuity benefits provided they have a minimum of eight years of credited service.

An incidental death benefit equal to an employee's annual rate of compensation is payable upon the death of an active employee with a minimum of one year of credited service or to a working retired contributing member. There is no service requirement for death resulting from actual performance of duties for an active member.

Effective July 1, 2019, employees participating in the SCRS were required to contribute 9.00% of all earnable compensation. The employer contribution rate for SCRS was 17.56%. Included in the total SCRS employer contribution rate is a base retirement contribution of 17.41%, and .15% for the incidental death program. The System's actual contributions to the SCRS for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	Employer	r Contribu	ition Rate	Employer Contributions						
Year Ended		Incidental			Incidental					
September 30,	Base	Death	Total	Base	Death	Total				
2022	17.41%	0.15%	17.56%	\$135,330	\$ 1,218	\$136,548				
2021	15.41%	0.15%	15.56%	129,068	1,235	130,303				
2020	15.41%	0.15%	15.56%	114,246	1,112	115,358				

The amounts paid by the System for pension, incidental death benefit program, and accidental death program contributions are reported as employer contribution expenditures within the applicable functional expenditure categories to which the related salaries are charged.

Article X, Section 16, of the South Carolina Constitution requires that all State-operated retirement systems be funded on a sound actuarial basis. Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, prescribes requirements relating to membership, benefit, and employee/employer contributions for each retirement system. Employee and employer contribution rates to SCRS are actuarially determined.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 6. Pension Plan (continued)

At September 30, 2022 the System reported \$1,512,828 as its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of SCRS. The net pension liability defined of the SCRS defined benefit pension plan were determined based on the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuations, using membership data as of July 1, 2020, projected forward to June 30, 2021, and financial information of the pension trust funds as of June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The System's portion of the net pension liability was based on the System's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2021, the System's SCRS proportion was 0.00699%. For the year ended September 30, 2022 the System recognized pension expenses of \$25,814 for SCRS.

At September 30, 2022 the System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 25,769
Assumption changes	82,807
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and	
differences between employer contributions & proportionate	
share of total plan employer contributions	75,037
Current year employer contributions	136,548
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 320,161
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ (2,042)
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	(219,758)
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and	
differences between employer contributions & proportionate	
share of total plan employer contributions	(27,629)
Total deferred inflows of resources	(249,429)
Net deferred outflows and inflows of resources	\$ 70,732

System contributions subsequent to the measurement date totaled \$136,548. These contributions will be reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions as of September 30, 2022 but will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2023.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 6. Pension Plan (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Net					
2023	\$	19,108				
2024		440				
2025		(3,133)				
2026	***************************************	(82,231)				
	\$	(65,816)				

The total pension liabilities in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>SCRS</u>
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate or Return	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.0% to 11%
Inflation Rate	2.25%
Benefit Adjustments	Lesser of 1% or \$500

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2020 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2020 PRSC), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2020.

Assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation for SCRS are as follows:

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators and Judges	2020 PRSC Males	2020 PRSC Females
	Multiplied by 95%	Multiplied by 94%
General Employees and	2020 PRSC Males	2020 PRSC Females
Members of the General Assembly	Multiplied by 97%	Multiplied by 107%
Public Safety and Firefighters	2020 PRSC Males	2020 PRSC Females
	Multiplied by 127%	Multiplied by 107%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for actuarial purposes is based upon the 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rate of returns represented assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 6. Pension Plan (continued)

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2021 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table on the following page. For actuarial purposes, the 7 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 4.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Expected Arithmetic Real	Long Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of
Allocation / Exposure	Policy Target	Rate of Return	Return
Public Equity	46.0%	6.87%	3.16%
Bonds	26.0%	0.27%	0.07%
Private Equity	9.0%	9.68%	0.87%
Private Debt	7.0%	5.47%	0.39%
Real Assets	12.0%		
Real Estate	9.0%	6.01%	0.54%
Infrastructure	3.0%	5.08%	0.15%
Total Expected Return	100.0%		5.18%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.25%
			7.43%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability ("TPL") was 7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

The following table represents the System's proportionate share of the net SCRS pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent, as well as what the System's respective net pension liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percent lower (6 percent) or 1 percent higher (8 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
Plan	6%	7%	8%
SCRS	\$ 1,981,617	\$ 1,512,828	\$ 1,123,168

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -CONTINUED-

## 7. Deferred Compensation Plans

Several optional deferred compensation plans are available to System employees. Certain employees of the System have elected to participate. Employees may withdraw the current value of their contributions when they terminate employment. Employees may also withdraw contributions prior to termination if they meet requirements specified by the applicable plan. Compensation deferred under the Section 401(k) and 403(b) plans is placed in trust for the contributing employee. The System has no liability for losses under the plans. Under the Section 457 plan, all deferred compensation plan amounts and earnings remain assets of the employees.

## 8. Commitments and Contingencies

Funds received from federal and state grants programs are subject to audit by various federal and state agencies. The System can be required to replace any funds not used in compliance with grant requirements.

The System is operating under a Consent Order from the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) for permit violations at the Town of Brunson Wastewater Treatment Facility. No additional permit violations have occurred in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 due to modified operations in the facility. The System has identified the cause of previous violations and has submitted a plan of corrective action that has been approved by SCDHEC. The System has secured funding and is in various stages of design, permitting and construction to implement the corrective action plan and resume normal operations at the facility.

## 9. Subsequent events

The System has evaluated all events subsequent to the basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022 through February 3, 2023 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and determined that there were no subsequent events requiring note disclosure.



## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS NET PENSION LIABILITIES

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	 2022	 2021	 2020	2019	 2018	2017	 2016	 2015
System's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0070%	0.0067%	0.0069%	0.0065%	0.0068%	0.0065%	0.0072%	0.0072%
System's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,512,828	\$ 1,711,546	\$ 1,586,231	\$ 1,463,261	\$ 1,444,567	\$ 1,239,015	\$ 1,246,692	\$ 1,298,777
System's covered payroll	\$ 786,854	\$ 741,375	\$ 742,685	\$ 721,232	\$ 626,592	\$ 603,698	\$ 628,174	\$ 620,651
System's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	192.26%	230.86%	213.58%	202.88%	230.54%	205.24%	198.46%	209.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	60.75%	50.71%	54.40%	54.10%	52.91%	57.00%	59.92%	56.39%

<sup>\* -</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of July 1 of four years prior, using membership data as of the day, projected forward to June 30 of the previous year. Additionally, the System implemented GASB 68 during fiscal year 2015. As such, information is only available for fiscal years after 2015.

# SCHEDULE OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEMS CONTRIBUTIONS

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 136,548	\$ 130,303	\$ 115,358	\$ 108,135	\$ 97,799	\$ 72,434	\$ 66,769	\$ 68,471
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(136,548)	(130,303)	(115,358)	(108,135)	(97,799)	(72,434)	(66,769)	(68,471)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -
System's covered payroll	\$ 777,608	\$ 786,854	\$ 741,375	\$ 742,685	\$ 721,232	\$ 626,592	\$ 603,698	\$ 628,174
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.56%	16.56%	15.56%	14.56%	13.56%	11.56%	11.06%	10.90%

<sup>\* -</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of July 1 of four years prior, using membership data as of the day, projected forward to June 30 of the previous year. Additionally, the System implemented GASB 68 during fiscal year 2015. As such, information is only available for fiscal years after 2015.



## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -

## WATER SERVICE, SEWER SERVICE AND UNALLOCATED

## YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Water	Sewer	Unallocated	Total
Operating Revenues:	'			
Water service	\$ 1,238,764	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,238,764
Sewer service	-	1,752,541	-	1,752,541
Penalties, reconnection fees and miscellaneous	203,243	213,348	-	416,591
Total operating revenues	1,442,007	1,965,889		3,407,896
Operating Expenses:				
Personnel services	531,757	532,585	183,032	1,247,374
Contract sewer treatment	-	12,000	-	12,000
Repairs and maintenance	143,034	122,994	24,509	290,537
Utilities	67,960	251,456	3,386	322,802
Supplies, materials and chemicals	37,254	108,951	21,091	167,296
Professional, engineering, lab and legal fees	113,354	353,023	74,306	540,683
Insurance	19,095	19,095	12,186	50,376
Vehicle and fuel expenses	24,470	20,427	6,396	51,293
Postage, printing and advertising	3,358	-	23,215	26,573
Building and equipment rental	4,525	14,419	4,620	23,564
Dues, licenses and permits	76,343	12,010	3,455	91,808
Bad debts	14,334	14,919	-	29,253
Bank charges	-	-	63,426	63,426
Depreciation	247,941	394,362	93,109	735,412
Miscellaneous	14,993	12,937	7,117	35,047
Total operating expenses	1,298,418	1,869,178	519,848	3,687,444
Operating income (loss)	143,589	96,711	(519,848)	(279,548)
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses):				
Grant income	21,686	21,687	_	43,373
Interest income	-	-	1,353	1,353
Interest expense	(107,308)	(157,564)	(7,070)	(271,942)
Net non-operating revenue (expense)	(85,622)	- <del></del>	(5,717)	(227,216)
Income (loss) before capital contributions	57,967	(39,166)	(525,565)	(506,764)
Capital Contributions	1,000	90,000		91,000
Change in net position	\$ 58,967	\$ 50,834	\$ (525,565)	\$ (415,764)

## THE BRITTINGHAM GROUP, L.L.P.

## CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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# INDEPENENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. William Hudson, Chairman of the Board of Commissioners Lowcountry Regional Water System 513 Elm Street West Hampton, South Carolina 29924

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Lowcountry Regional Water System (the "System"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 3, 2023.

## Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the System's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the System's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Columbia, South Carolina

The Brittingham Group LLP

February 3, 2023